SYNNESTVEDT & LECHNER LLP

Application No. 09/712,129

Art Unit 1624

August 27, 2003

Sir:

This Reply is filed in response to the Examiner's Action of May 27, 2003 (paper 10). Applicants request respectfully that the application be amended as follows.

## In the Claims

Please amend Claims 1, 78, and 80 as follows.

## 1. (Amended four times) A compound of the formula:

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1)7

$$(Y)_p$$
  $(CH_2)_n$   $O$   $(R)_m$ 

wherein

X is -O- or -S-;

p is 1 or 2;

Y is hydrogen, lower alkyl, hydroxy, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, lower alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, or amino, when p is 1;

Y is lower alkoxy[, hydroxy and halogen] when p is 2 and X is -O-;

 $[(R_1) \text{ is } R_{20}, R_{21}, \text{ or } R_{22}, \text{ wherein:}$ 

 $R_{20}$  is  $-(CH_2)_n$  where] n is 2, 3, 4 or 5;

 $[R_{21}]$  is

 $-CH_2-CH=CH-CH_2-$ 

 $-CH_2-C \equiv C-CH_2-$ 

 $-CH_2-CH=CH-CH_2-CH_2$ ,

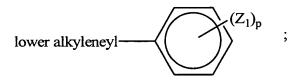
 $-CH_2-CH_2-CH=CH-CH_2-$ 

 $-CH_2C \equiv C-CH_2-CH_2-$ , or

 $-CH_2-CH_2-C \equiv C-CH_2-$ 

the -CH=CH- bond being cis or trans;

 $R_{22}$  is  $R_{20}$  or  $R_{21}$  in which one or more carbon atoms of  $R_{20}$  or  $R_{21}$  are substituted by at least one  $C_1$ - $C_6$  linear alkyl group, phenyl group or



where  $Z_1$  is lower alkyl, -OH, lower alkoxy, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>,

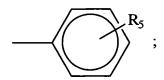
-NH<sub>2</sub> or halogen;]

R is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxyl, carboxyl, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, amino, lower mono or dialkylamino, nitro, lower alkyl thio,

trifluoromethoxy, cyano, acylamino, trifluoromethyl, trifluoroacetyl, aminocarbonyl, [monoalkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, formyl,] -C(=O)-alkyl, -C(=O)-O-alkyl, -C(=O)-aryl, -C(=O)-heteroaryl, or  $-CH(OR_7)$ -alkyl;  $[-CH(OR^7)$ -alkyl, -C(=W)-alkyl, -C(=W)-aryl, and -C(=W)-heteroaryl;]

wherein alkyl is lower alkyl;

aryl is phenyl or



wherein R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, lower monoalkylamino, [lower dialkylamino,] nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, or trifluoromethoxy;

heteroaryl is

$$Q_3$$
 ;

wherein  $Q_3$  is -O-, -S-, -NH-, or -CH=N-; [W is CH<sub>2</sub> or CHR<sub>8</sub> or N-R<sub>9</sub>;]

R<sub>7</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or acyl;

[R<sub>8</sub> is lower alkyl;

 $R_9$  is hydroxy, lower alkoxy, or  $-NHR_{10}$ ; and

R<sub>10</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> acyl, aryl,

-C(=O)-aryl or -C(=O)-heteroaryl,

where aryl and heteroaryl are as defined above;]

and

m is 1, 2, or 3;

[all geometric, optical and stereoisomers thereof,] or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof.

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78. (Amended twice)

A compound of the formula:

$$(Y)_p$$
  $(CH_2)_nO$ 

wherein p is 1 or 2;

Y is hydrogen, Cl, Br, F, when p is 1;

Y is lower alkoxy[, hydroxy, or halogen] when p is 2;

n is 2, 3, or 4;

R is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy, hydroxyl, [alkanoyl,] Cl, F, Br, I, amino,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> mono or dialkyl amino, acylamino, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>,

alkyl-C(=O)-,  $CF_3$ -C(=O)-, or -CH(OR<sub>7</sub>)-alkyl;

alkyl is lower alkyl;

 $R_7$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl-C(=0)-, or CF<sub>3</sub>-C(=0)-;

and m is 1, 2, or 3;

all geometric, optical and stereoisomers thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof.

## 80. (Amended four times) A compound as claimed in claim 1 [of the formula:

$$(Y)_p$$
 $(R)_m$ 
 $(R)_m$ 
 $(R)_m$ 

wherein

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p is 1 or 2;

Y is hydrogen, lower alkyl, hydroxy, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, lower alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, or amino, when p is 1;

Y is lower alkoxy, hydroxy and halogen when p is 2 and X is -O-;

 $(R_1)$  is  $R_{20}$ ,  $R_{21}$ , or  $R_{22}$ , wherein:

$$R_{20}$$
 is  $-(CH_2)_n$  where n is 2, 3, 4 or 5;

 $R_{21}$  is

$$-CH_2-CH=CH-CH_2-$$

$$-CH_2-C\equiv C-CH_2-$$

$$-CH_2-CH=CH-CH_2-CH_2-$$

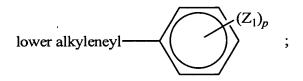
$$-CH_2-CH_2-CH=CH-CH_2-$$

$$-CH_2-C \equiv C-CH_2-CH_2-$$
, or

 $-CH_2-CH_2-C \equiv C-CH_2-$ 

the -CH=CH- bond being cis or trans;

 $R_{22}$  is  $R_{20}$  or  $R_{21}$  in which one or more carbon atoms of  $R_{20}$  or  $R_{21}$  are substituted by at least one  $C_1$ - $C_6$  linear alkyl group, phenyl group or



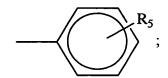
where  $Z_1$  is lower alkyl, -OH, lower alkoxy, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub> or halogen; and R and m are as defined hereinafter;

m is 1, 2, or 3; and

when m is 1, 2, or 3, R is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxyl, carboxyl, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, amino, lower mono or dialkylamino, nitro, lower alkyl thio, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, acylamino, trifluoromethyl, trifluoroacetyl, aminocarbonyl, monoalkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, formyl, -C(=O)-alkyl, -C(=O)-O-alkyl, -C(=O)-aryl, -C(=O)-heteroaryl, -CH(OR<sup>7</sup>)-alkyl, -C(=W)-alkyl, -C(=W)-aryl, and -C(=W)-heteroaryl; alkyl is lower alkyl; aryl is phenyl or

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where  $R_5$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, lower monoalkylamino, lower dialkylamino, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy;

heteroaryl is

$$- \sqrt{Q_3}$$

$$Q_3$$
 is -O-, -S-, -NH-, -CH=N-;

W is CH<sub>2</sub> or CHR<sub>8</sub> or N-R<sub>9</sub>;

R<sub>7</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or acyl;

R<sub>8</sub> is lower alkyl;

 $R_9$  is hydroxy, lower alkoxy, or -NHR $_{10}$ ; and

R<sub>10</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> acyl, aryl,

-C(=O)-aryl or -C(=O)-heteroaryl,

where aryl and heteroaryl are as defined above;

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and]

with the proviso that when m is 3, R is not -C(=O)-heteroaryl [or

-C(=W)-heteroaryl];

[all geometric, optical and stereoisomers thereof,] or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof.